

YOUNG KNORR'S STRANGE TALE

His Sensational Testimony Against Wintersteen Is Continued.

STORY OF THE EXPLOSION

The Arrest of Knorr, Who Posed as Mame Wilson.

The Very Startling Details of the Very Depraved Young Man's Crimes Rehearsed Before Judge Ermentrout--The Diabolical Plot to Bisectinate Diphtheria Germs. The Witness States That He Did Not Follow Wintersteen's Directions in Regard to Administering Poisons--Cross-Examination Fails to Shake Knorr's Testimony.

"Imperative" referred to in the second letter. The letter said: "Kindly send me ten dollars, I need it at once, and is imperative." "I afterwards wrote to Wintersteen," said Knorr, "noting the receipt of ten dollars and explained the use of the word 'imperative,' as an error, that I meant 'important.' I received an answer to that letter, in which Wintersteen said he 'understood it now.'"

The registers of the Susquehanna house, Catawissa; Union house, Ashland; Espy hotel and Commonwealth hotel, Harrisburg, and the Hotel Penn, Reading, were here offered in evidence to corroborate the testimony of Knorr as to certain dates mentioned. The witness recognized his signature and that of Wintersteen. Sometimes Knorr signed a fictitious name.

The cross-examination, which was continued by Attorney Shields, failed to shake the testimony of Knorr in any material respect. When asked why he did not kill Mr. Waller with a knife or revolver, Knorr replied that he did



MR. JAMES N. ERMENTROUT, Presiding Judge at the Wintersteen Trial.

not wish to. "The reason I used dynamite," he said, "was because Wintersteen told me so. I had been fooling him so long I was afraid to further deceive him. I was afraid of his anger and also feared that he would not give me any more money."

This testimony created a profound sensation. Knorr was on the stand all forenoon.

ON CROSS-EXAMINATION.

The sensational testimony of Knorr served to attract a still greater crowd when the afternoon session was begun. Attorney Jacobs continued the cross-examination, but beyond a slight discrepancy in dates failed to shake Knorr's testimony in chief. He denied emphatically that he had prior to June, 1896, carried dynamite found in a satchel and exhibited it in Reading to Jacob Phillips and others, and in Bloomsburg to Dora Moharter, with equal force, he denied the imputation that he had declared he was a student of explosives and an anarchist. "I did not say to Wintersteen and the people about 716 Cherry street that if that damned Waller was out of the way I would get some money," Knorr testified. "I was not a student of explosives. I was doing crooked work for Wintersteen in October, 1895. I did this because I did not want people to ask questions. I have been in Philadelphia since my arrest. I came to Reading twice since. Detective Henderson did not come with me. It is true that Wintersteen told me all he wanted with the stock of the Bloomsburg Iron company was to sell the plant so that he would not lose so much money, and that any money he realized over and above what he paid for it would return to my mother and myself, and never said anything against Waller. I did not know the kindly feeling for Waller."

Knorr was then again subjected to a direct examination. According to this story the money he received for the sale of his stock was \$2,000, of which he put \$500 into a theatrical company. Besides this, he got \$2,500 in instalments from Mr. Winger, of Reading, and spent it as fast as he got it. Continuing Knorr said: "Mr. Wintersteen said he hoped the dynamite would blow them all up. He did not like anybody that had the name of Waller. I began to register under an assumed name because I was doing crooked work for Wintersteen in October, 1895. I did this because I did not want people to ask questions. I have been in Philadelphia since my arrest. I came to Reading twice since. Detective Henderson did not come with me. It is true that Wintersteen told me all he wanted with the stock of the Bloomsburg Iron company was to sell the plant so that he would not lose so much money, and that any money he realized over and above what he paid for it would return to my mother and myself, and never said anything against Waller. I did not know the kindly feeling for Waller."

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OTHER WITNESSES.

F. L. Shuman, J. D. Warner and W. U. J. gave unimportant testimony. Prothonotary W. H. Henry was asked concerning the records of the equity suit brought by Mrs. Mary A. Knorr against the Bloomsburg Iron company.

These letters were here offered in evidence and identified by the witness. Concerning the diphtheria germ Knorr said: "In Wintersteen's house in December, 1895, Wintersteen suggested getting diphtheria germs to give Mrs. Knorr diphtheria, and get her out of the way. Mr. Gary offered me dollars and I went to New York and saw John Rothschild and he said he thought he could get me some germs from a doctor. I afterwards got a letter saying that Rothschild could get them on the coast for five dollars, which Mr. Wintersteen borrowed from Mr. Townsend, a tailor."

I sent the money by United States express to 394 Bowers, New York city. A few days later I received the germs and in the evening showed them to Wintersteen in his office. I promised, at Wintersteen's suggestion, to scatter them over my mother's clothing, but I took them down and threw them away. After this he suggested poison and gave me five dollars to get tartarate of antimony, which he said, would be hard to trace. This I got and showed to Wintersteen and then threw it away, also, thinking no attempt to use it on my mother.

DID NOT ADMINISTER POISON.

I gave my mother something on two occasions. It was phenacetol nitro choline. I put it in a cup without her knowledge. It was not poisonous."

The register of the Metropolitan hotel, Washington, D. C., was here shown to witness when read the signature of L. S. Wintersteen on the date of Nov. 9, 1896. This was offered in evidence because one of the letters received by Knorr at Reading was written on Metropolitan hotel paper. The district attorney read the letter, which was in reference to a proposed visit to Reading. Another letter was read instructing "Miss Mame Wilson" to use plain envelopes. The third letter stated that he would visit "Miss Wilson" the following week and was signed "L." The witness explained the use of the word

him to go to Mr. Waller and if he said the papers were right she would sign them. Wintersteen refused to go to Waller and exhibited displeasure. Wintersteen told her that Clifford and Mildred had withdrawn from the suit and that Waller should not have been employed by her as he was his enemy. He said that the fight was not between the witness and Wintersteen, but between Wintersteen and Waller. Continuing witness said that when Clifford came home he endeavored to get her to withdraw from the equity suit and transfer her stock to Wintersteen. Clifford told her she would get \$1,000 and he like sum if she would sign them. Clifford said that both he and his sister had withdrawn, but witness went to Mildred and found that he had not withdrawn. Clifford then said that if witness refused to sign the papers he would "do Waller up."

Mrs. Knorr was not cross-examined.

MILDRED KNORR SMITH'S TESTIMONY.

Mildred Knorr was the next witness. She told how she came to part with her stock in the Bloomsburg Iron company and said she knew nothing of the partition proceedings that were brought Harrisburg by which she transferred her irrevocable stock to Wintersteen in exchange for Clifford's share in the Harrisburg property, which was done in order to prevent her grandmother being turned out of doors. She said she refused to sign a paper withdrawing from the equity suit that the deed was antedated.

Court then adjourned at 6 o'clock until tomorrow morning.

CHRISTIANS MURDERED.

An Attack Is Made on the Mission House in China.

San Francisco, May 27.—Private advice from the steamer Glenayoh which arrived today from Yokohama state that the province of Kweisun, China, was the scene of an attack upon the Christian missions recently, and it is rumored that Rev. Father Mazell, who was in charge of the chapel at Lohi, was murdered.

It is feared that other whites were massacred. Owing to the remoteness of the scene it was impossible to obtain any details of the affair.

BRILLIANT RECEPTION.

Honors to General John R. Brooke. Gathering of Distinguished People at Harrisburg.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 27.—A public reception was tendered General John R. Brooke, United States army, of Chicago, commander of the department of the north, at the city of Harrisburg. The reception was given by Governor Hastings in honor of his promotion to a major general. The executive was assisted in receiving by Private Secretary Belter, Speaker of the House, President Pro. McCauley, Secretary of the Commonwealth, Mayor Reeder, Attorney General McCormick and other state officials. Many prominent soldiers from all over the state were present to do honor to the distinguished soldier. The local Grand Army posts paid their respects in a body. There were also present senators and representatives, Major General Snowden and staff, Brigadier General Wiley, Schell and Golds, and their staffs and other high officials of the National Guard of Pennsylvania. The executive mansion was brilliantly decorated. There was a profusion of hand-some American flags and the army colors. The center place behind a large screen covered with red and white carnations with a border of blue violets. In the center was a floral bulion of red, white and blue electric globes, the center place being a red clover leaf, the corps badge of General Brooke.

Governor Hastings entertained the general and members of the receiving party at dinner at the mansion at the close of the reception. The local Grand Army posts paid their respects in a body. There were also present senators and representatives, Major General Snowden and staff, Brigadier General Wiley, Schell and Golds, and their staffs and other high officials of the National Guard of Pennsylvania. The executive mansion was brilliantly decorated. There was a profusion of hand-some American flags and the army colors. The center place behind a large screen covered with red and white carnations with a border of blue violets. In the center was a floral bulion of red, white and blue electric globes, the center place being a red clover leaf, the corps badge of General Brooke.

FEDERAL APPOINTMENTS.

Nominations Submitted to the Senate.

Washington, May 27.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

Colonel James F. Wade, Fifth cavalry, to be brigadier general.

Colonel John K. Minzer, Tenth cavalry, to be brigadier general.

Colonel William M. Graham, Fifth artillery, to be brigadier general.

Alexander R. Avery, collector of customs of Huron, Mich.

John M. Evring, of Wisconsin, to be deputy auditor for the navy department.

Presbyterian General Assembly.

Eagle Lake, Ind., May 27.—The main question of importance at the Presbyterian general assembly today was that of the next place of meeting, and Winona was selected. This was the first time the assembly has been augmented in spite of yesterday's departures, by arrivals today, and interest in the proceedings has not seemed to lag spite of the fact that the bulk of the topics considered are those which are mainly of strictly denominational interest.

Drowned in Chesapeake.

Cumberland, Md., May 27.—William R. Perry, one of the wealthiest men in Allegany county, was drowned in the Chesapeake and Ohio canal near Prossburg last night. It is thought that while riding along the tow path his horse became frightened and threw him into the canal. He was 56 years of age and leaves a widow and three children.

Suicide Gained by Rats.

Zanesville, O., May 27.—The dead body of Frank Rex, a young man of prominent family, was found this morning in a hay-mow with the face mutilated by rats. An empty laudanum bottle in his pocket indicates suicide.

FRANCE'S NAVY.

Lockroy's Plans Indorsed by the Deputies' Naval Committee.

Paris, May 27.—The plan of enlarging the French navy proposed last December to the budget commission by M. Edouard Lockroy, formerly minister of marine, and calling for the sum of 100,000,000 francs over and above the regular naval expenses, has been indorsed by the naval committee of the chamber. The carrying out of this scheme will mark a new departure in French naval affairs.

M. Lockroy's deposition criticizing the French naval administration was received by the budget commission in session. But it is understood that he called attention to three weak points in the French navy requiring prompt attention. In the first place, he is said to have pointed out that the boilers of the ships now in commission are defective and were constructed on a system hastily adopted in 1890 before they were thoroughly tested; in the second place, that the conditions of the battleships for coast defence, and also of the torpedo boats, is inadequate; and in the third place, that recent improvements in projectiles with extraordinary high bursting charges have so revolutionized naval architecture that the present protective armor has become obsolete.

WANT TO GET TOGETHER.

Chairman Danforth Believes that the Democrats of Pennsylvania Are Disposed to Be Friendly.

New York, May 27.—Elliott Danforth, chairman of the Democratic state committee, came to town today after a trip through the interior of the state, during which he had talks with the leaders of the party.

"I have talked with the leaders of the Democratic party in Albany and other counties lately," said Mr. Danforth, "and I found that while there is a disposition to get together, there is no disposition to get the party together. The Democrats of this state endorsed the National platform at the Buffalo convention, and the party stands on that platform till the next National convention."

"There is no doubt that the National platform expressed the wishes of the great masses of Democrats of the state last year, and it does today. Tremendous vote polled for our ticket in this city—180,000 votes. The National platform conditions, shows what the local Democracy thought of the platform. Those 180,000 votes, I have no doubt, think the same way today, and I do not see within the knowledge of the witness, the high tax radicals, for instance, their National platform ignored."

"It is true that the Democrats of this city and the state have plenty of issues to make the fight on. The executive of the Republican legislature, the high tax radicals, for instance, amendments and the Black civil service law are good issues, and will help the Democrats to victory, but as I said the Chicago platform stands for the people. I am for the party which will adhere to it, I think."

"Will the state organization make any declaration in that direction?" was asked.

"I do not know yet," replied Mr. Danforth, "but I suppose the state committee will place itself on record at the proper time. We shall have no state convention this year. The state committee will meet, probably in August, to select the candidates for judges of the court of appeals, and then an address may be issued, stating the issues on which we propose to make the fight. Anyhow we shall have to address the people in some form some times that they may know where we stand. Our platform will be thoroughly discussed at the state committee meeting and while I cannot speak for the committee, I can say that from my talk with the party leaders, I judge that there will be no backsliding from the Chicago platform."

DOG WON THE JURY'S HEART.

Couldn't Agree in Wilmington's Famous St. Bernard Case.

Wilmington, Del., May 27.—John G. Hartman's big St. Bernard dog, which made fast friends with the jury that has been trying the \$5,000 damage suit brought by G. S. Roper, for injuries to six of the jurymen struck firmly to the opinion that the reputation of the dog for peace and good order was excellent.

This afternoon, after being out for more than a day, the jury stated to the court that they were unable to agree and they were discharged. Twenty-four ballots were taken.

"HEALER" RIDES A WHEEL.

August Schrader Appears in an Indiana Town.

Vincennes, Ind., May 27.—Yesterday afternoon the self-styled "divine healer," August Schrader, rode into town on a bicycle. He says that he still possesses the power of healing by the laying on of hands and that the crowds follow him wherever he goes.

He is on his way from Boston to Missouri.

White Caps Threaten Saloon Keeper.

Cleveland, O., May 27.—Merrill H. Madden, a Prospect street saloon keeper, has received a White Cap letter which is in possession of Chief of Police Connor. The White Caps threatened that if Madden did not immediately leave Cleveland and return to Kansas City, from whence he came, his saloon of business would be burned. The letter also threatened Madden with bodily harm.

Refunds Duties on Famine Supplies.

Puebla, Mexico, May 27.—The Federal congress has passed a bill refunding the amount of duties collected on nearly 6,000,000 pounds of corn imported into this state during the past year for the relief of persons suffering from famine. This action was taken at the request of the state government.

No Prohibition in South Dakota.

Pierre, S. D., May 27.—Presiding Judge Corrie, of the Supreme court, has issued an opinion sustaining the legality of the amendment repealing the prohibition law in this state.

MR. HAVEMEYER IS ACQUITTED

Trial of the Great Sugar King Ends Abruptly.

DEFENSE OFFERS NO EVIDENCE

But Moves for Acquittal on Six Grounds--The Court, After Taking an Hour and a Half to Weigh Arguments, Decides to Sustain the Motion--Grounds Upon Which the Decision Was Made.

Washington, May 27.—"Certainly I am satisfied with the verdict," said Henry O. Havemeyer to an Associated Press reporter a few minutes after the jury had returned a verdict of not guilty this afternoon. "The verdict," he continued, "ought to be satisfactory to every decent man in this and every other community."

This was the only expression the president of the American Sugar Refining company would make upon the result of his trial, which had been in progress for three days before Judge Bradley. The verdict was the culmination of a long legal battle which began three years ago when Mr. Havemeyer declined as a witness before the senate sugar investigating committee. The committee with data as to the political contributions made by the company of which he is president to the local and state campaigns of 1892 and 1893. Broker Chapman around whom the preliminary battle was waged, was found guilty and is now serving a thirty day's sentence in the district jail. The conclusion of the trial was abrupt. The defense produced no witnesses. When the government rested its case yesterday, the defense moved that the court instruct the jury to order an acquittal on six grounds, the principal one of which was that the committee did not have jurisdiction. "The question asked was not pertinent. This morning the district attorney made a valiant attempt to induce the presiding judge to overrule the motion. But the court after taking an hour and a half to weigh the arguments sustained the motion. In rendering his decision which was very lengthy and consumed over an hour in its delivery, Judge Bradley declined to rule on the main question as to the jurisdiction of the senate committee. He said the questions involved it that proposition were of such grave importance that he would not rule on that point without further and more careful examination. He held that it was unnecessary to rule on the main contention. Practically he sustained the motion upon the single ground that the question (calling for data to state and local contributions) demanded information within the knowledge of the witness, which he had testified he had no personal knowledge of, and which if given at all, must have been procured from books and of which the books themselves were the best testimony."

The case of John S. Searies, the secretary of the Sugar Trust, who was indicted with Mr. Havemeyer for reusancy will be called tomorrow.

FLOODS AT EL PASO.

Portions of the City Under Water from Breaking of a Levee--Hundreds of Families Homeless.

El Paso, Texas, May 27.—This morning the river showed a rise of six inches over last night and the water was sweeping down the river at a terrific rate. Early this morning the head-gate of the canal, which is above the levee, began to give way and 500 men with logs, sacks of sand and willow poles were put to work to prevent a break at the head gate, while about 1,000 men were stretched along the improvised levee at the other side of the city where the water continued to creep up.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon, the head gate gave way with a rush, and the river poured into the canal. The fire alarm was sounded to warn people in the lower districts and in an instant the city was in such wild confusion that for half an hour it was impossible to make any organized effort to take another stand against the waters which were soon over the banks of the canal, inundating the territory on both sides.

The people living along the banks of the canal are the poor laboring classes and their homes were soon under water. Men and women had to wade through the water taking their children in their arms. The houses being in most cases built of adobe, melted away at the touch of the rushing waters and household furniture, clothing, etc., were floating around in all directions while men were at work trying to keep the waters from crossing the Santa Fe yards where they would flood the passenger depot and the streets were flooded. The levee at the foot of El Paso street broke and in a short time twenty little residences in that locality were flooded. By this time the people for three blocks north of the flood were moving up the streets and the streets were crowded with wagons, cars and wheelbarrows loaded with the belongings of those fleeing from the rising waters. For three miles across the town and the river front everybody is moving up into the business portion of the city and to the more elevated residence sections.

So successfully made, an acid fruit is General Malloy in charge of old Fort Bliss received a telegram from Department Quartermaster Sampson at San Antonio authorizing him to allow the homeless to move into the houses at Fort Bliss.

At 4 o'clock this afternoon, the levee on Sixth street was abandoned by the city and Mayor Magoffin put several hundred men and teams to work throwing up a new levee on Fourth street from the Santa Fe across eight blocks to Tago street. The waters can't reach the fashionable residence

AWFUL WRECK ON THE RAIL

Nine Persons Are Instantly Killed in a Head-End Collision.

MANY OTHERS INJURED

Run-Away Freight Crashes Into Passenger Train.

A Passenger Train Standing in Front of a Station Is Wrecked by a Freight Running at the Rate of Fifty Miles an Hour--Both Engines Converted Into Scrap Iron in an Instant--Eight Box Car Passengers, Sheep Shearers and Tramps Are Killed--The Station Badly Shattered--List of Dead and Injured.

FIRES AT ASHLAND, WIS.

Flour Mills, Residences and Cars Laiden with Grease Burned.

Ashland, Wis., May 27.—Fire here early today caused a loss estimated at \$150,000. The Northern Grain Mercantile company's flour mill is in ruins and also residences and boat houses adjoining. The loss on the mill is \$100,000. Seven cars, two of which were grain laden, were burned, and a portion of the Wisconsin Central's viaduct was ruined.

The Central company's loss is about \$5,000. The fire was threatening a large section of the city when rain put it out.

BREAKER BURNED.

Dr. J. N. Rice, of This City, Was General Manager of the Company Which Operated It.

Special to the Scranton Tribune.

Wyoming, May 27.—The Fuller coal breaker, operated by the Wyoming Land and Improvement Co. of Scranton, was destroyed by fire this morning. The flames broke out at 1 o'clock and in an hour the structure was a total loss. The loss is estimated at \$20,000.

About a year ago the mine was leased from the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western company by a company, of which William Griffiths, of West Pittston, is president, and Dr. J. N. Rice, of Scranton, general manager.

WILL VISIT NASHVILLE.

Preparations Made for President McKinley's Tour.

Washington, May 27.—Preparations were completed today for a visit of the president to the Nashville Exposition on the 11th of next month. The start will be made from Washington on the morning of the 10th and the president will be accompanied by Secretary Alger and his family, and by a special train will be provided for the president, one of the finest dining cars on the road, and in fact every facility for the comfort and safety of the distinguished party. The run is expected to occupy about twenty-four hours and an observation car will afford an opportunity for the party to see the beauties of the mountain region by day light. An equally handsome train will be placed at the disposal of the presidential party.

Amie Rivers' Health Failing.

Richmond, Va., May 27.—The Princess Troubetzkoy (Amie Rivers), an actress of health, and her decline has so alarmed her friends that she has been taken to Philadelphia, accompanied by Prince Troubetzkoy and Colonel A. L. Rivers, her father, for consultation with an eminent specialist. They left Castle Hill yesterday.

The Osage Indians Idea of Heaven.

Perry, Oklahoma, May 27.—James Howland, one of the most noted Osage Indians, died last week. At the grave the Indians looked toward the sun and prayed: "Jesus, give him a fine woman and many ponies; give him plenty of trinkets and a good gun; give him lots of fun, and no bad recollections. Jesus, give him all the good in your country."

Blew Into a Gun Barrel.

Parkersburg, W. Va., May 27.—John Gardner, of Big Spring, Calhoun county, picked up a rifle yesterday, and not knowing it was loaded, pulled back the hammer with his foot to blow into the barrel. The bullet struck him in the forehead, and his teeth and lodged in his head. Gardner will die.

Attorneys Disbarred.

Washington, May 27.—Attorney George W. Sparling, of Whitville, O., and J. J. Denworth, of Williamsport, Pa., have been disbarred from practice before the Interior department. The charges are for charging and receiving legal fees from pension claimants.

Mrs. Jephtha Murray Takes Poison.

Saratoga, May 27.—Mrs. Jephtha Murray, aged 55, the wife of a prominent citizen in South Point, Pa., is dying from delirium, which was the cause of the attempted suicide.

Nebraska Prohibitionists.

Lincoln, Neb., May 27.—The Prohibition state convention met here with delegates from all parts of the state. The permanent organization was effected by the selection of Rev. C. H. Gilmore, of Auburn, as chairman.

THE NEWS THIS MORNING.

Weather Indications Today:

Fair; Rising Temperature.

1 (General)—Knorr's Testimony in the Dynamite Case.

Head-End Collision with Fatal Results, Havemeyer, the Sugar Magnate, Acquitted.

2 (Sports)—Scranton Wins the First Game.

Eastern, National and Atlantic League Scores.

3 (State)—Revenue Measures Pass the Legislature.

Amateur Base Ball.

4 Editorial.

Washington Gossip.

5 (Story)—"At the House of the Scarlet Witch."

6 (Local)—Sixty-two Will Graduate from the High School.

Wagner & Reis Will Control the Academy and Lyceum Theaters.

7 (Local)—Three New Policemen Appointed.

Grand Army's Appeal to Citizens of the City.

8 (Local)—West Side and City Suburban.

9 Lackawanna County News.

10 Neighborly County Happenings, Financial and Commercial.

Run-Away Freight Crashes Into Passenger Train.

A Passenger Train Standing in Front of a Station Is Wrecked by a Freight Running at the Rate of Fifty Miles an Hour--Both Engines Converted Into Scrap Iron in an Instant--Eight Box Car Passengers, Sheep Shearers and Tramps Are Killed--The Station Badly Shattered--List of Dead and Injured.

Special to the Scranton Tribune.

Pocahontas, Idaho, May 27.—A head end collision between a freight and passenger train at American Falls, twenty-five miles west of here at 3:30 o'clock caused the death so far as known of nine men and the serious injury of eight others. The cause of the latter will die. This is the worst wreck that has occurred on the Short Line in many years.

The west-bound passenger train was waiting for the freight at American Falls, standing in front of the station. The freight coming east ran away on the hill west of the Falls. It is thought the air was tampered with. The freight running fifty miles an hour crashed into the passenger train. The conductor was already backing up right in front of the station. Two men were on the station platform. One was killed and the other fatally injured. The station was shattered. Both engines were converted into scrap iron and twenty freight cars piled up in a heap.

Eight box car passengers, sheep shearers and tramps were crushed to death. Up to noon five bodies had been taken out. George Moore, the engineer of the freight, is seriously injured. The fireman, Dick Cosgrove, had a leg broken, and C. E. Heckman, engineer of the passenger, sustained slight injuries. He stayed by his engine until he had reversed it. The conductor and brakeman were on top of the freight setting the brakes and fireman Cosgrove had climbed back to help when the crash came.

THE DEAD AND INJURED.

The dead are:

C. W. CHILDS, aged 35, residence unknown.

D. L. THOMPSON, Dayton, Wash.

JOHN R. COOPER, Wellsville, Utah.

J. STEFFEN, Dillon, Mont.

FIVE UNKNOWN MEN, all sheep shearers, beating their way.

The injured besides trainmen already mentioned are:

G. W. BRENNAN, Pearl, Ida., leg broken.

F. D. SPRINGER, Dayton, Wash., leg broken.

JOHN BERGEN, Brigham, Utah, leg broken.

JOHN PETERS, residence unknown, leg broken.

WILLIAM CONNELLY, Great Barrington, Mass., crushed and injured internally, will die.

COOL GIRL SAVES HER LIFE.

Calmly Swam Ashore When Dumped Into a Canal.

Trenton, N. J., May 27.—Miss Bella MacCrellish, daughter of a prominent publisher, saved her life this evening by her presence of mind. Miss MacCrellish, Miss Moore, daughter of President Henry C. Moore, of the Trenton Traction company, and Lyman Nichols were driving about Cadwalader park in a dog cart. Miss Moore held the reins, and while attempting to take the pony near the Delaware and Raritan canal she backed horse and cart into the water.

Miss Moore and Mr. Nichols jumped safely to land before the team was submerged, but Miss MacCrellish became entangled in the reins. While the pony and cart were being carried swiftly downstream, Miss MacCrellish coolly disentangled herself and swam ashore. The team was rescued by park guards.

ADVENTISTS CONVERTING NEGROES.

Rapid Growth of the Sect Near Cheswood, Del.

Cheswood, Del., May 27.—Seventh Day Adventists are creating a furore among the colored folks in this neighborhood and many of them are being converted.

A church is building two miles from here. Recently Leslie Munse and Henry Williams, Adventists, were fined by Magistrate Thompson \$4 and costs for working on Sunday. In default of payment the men spent 24 hours in jail. The Adventists keep Saturday as the Sabbath and the Sunday work has aroused the people here.

Trial of the Newport.

Beth, Me., May 27.—The new boat Newport had her official trial trip today under the new standardized screw method and while the speed has not yet been figured out, there is a little doubt that the boat speed required under the contract was exceeded.

The Herald's Weather Forecast.

New York, May 27.—Herald's forecast: In the Middle States today, will be generally fair and warmer in the interior, but partly cloudy with nearly stationary temperature near the lakes and on the coast, with fresh variable winds; rain near the lakes and in the Hudson Valley, possibly extending as far south on the seaboard as Philadelphia, and in New England, cloudy, slightly cooler weather, with rain and fresh northwest to southwest wind. On Saturday, partly cloudy, slightly cooler weather will prevail, with fresh variable winds, mostly southeasterly, followed by local rain in this section.